

## **ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1461**

DIGEST OF HB 1461 (Updated March 27, 2007 12:39 pm - DI 73)

Citations Affected: IC 6-3; IC 6-3.1; IC 6-5.5; noncode.

Synopsis: Tax exemptions and credits. Exempts from taxation certain income derived from qualified patents and earned by a taxpayer. Defines qualified patent to include only utility patents and plant patents. Provides that the total amount of exemptions claimed by a taxpayer in a taxable year may not exceed \$5,000,000. Provides that a taxpayer may not claim an exemption for income derived from a particular patent for more than seventeen years. Provides that the exemption percentage is 25% for each of the first five taxable years and 10% for the following 12 taxable years. Specifies that a taxpayer is eligible to claim the credit only if the taxpayer is domiciled in Indiana and is: (1) either an individual or corporation with not more 500 employees; or (2) is a nonprofit organization or corporation. Requires the department of state revenue to file an annual report concerning the exemption. Establishes the Hoosier alternative fuel vehicle manufacturer tax credit. Provides that the Indiana economic development corporation (IEDC) may award such a tax credit to businesses that make certain qualified investments in Indiana for the manufacture or assembly of alternative fuel vehicles. Provides that the IEDC determines the percentage of the tax credit, which may not exceed 15%.

Effective: January 1, 2007 (retroactive); January 1, 2008.

# Bosma, Soliday, Kuzman, Harris T, Austin

(SENATE SPONSORS — FORD, BRODEN, ZAKAS, HERSHMAN, ALTING)

January 23, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means. February 20, 2007, reported — Do Pass.
February 23, 2007, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed. February 26, 2007, engrossed. Read third time, passed. Yeas 95, nays 3.

SENATE ACTION

March 5, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Economic Development and

Technology.

March 19, 2007, reported favorably — Do Pass; reassigned to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.
March 29, 2007, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1461

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2006
SECTION 3, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.162-2006, SECTION 24
IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this article
the term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:

- (a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as follows:
  - (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
  - (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of the United States.
  - (3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

EH 1461—LS 6704/DI 92+



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1	(4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:	
2	(A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the	
3	Internal Revenue Code;	
4	(B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f) of	
5	the Internal Revenue Code; and	
6	(C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by	
7	the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which	
8	the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income	
9	and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.	
10	(5) Subtract:	
11	(A) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, one	
12	thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the	
13	exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal	
14	Revenue Code for taxable years beginning after December 31,	
15	1996 (as effective January 1, 2004); and	_
16	(B) five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount	
17	allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code	
18	if the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the taxpayer	
19	and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return, is less	
20	than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).	
21	This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under	
22	subdivision (4).	
23	(6) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:	
24	(A) that part of the individual's adjusted gross income (as	
25	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code) for that	
26	taxable year that is subject to a tax that is imposed by a	
27	political subdivision of another state and that is imposed on or	
28	measured by income; or	T T
29	(B) two thousand dollars (\$2,000).	
30	(7) Add an amount equal to the total capital gain portion of a	
31	lump sum distribution (as defined in Section 402(e)(4)(D) of the	
32	Internal Revenue Code) if the lump sum distribution is received	
33	by the individual during the taxable year and if the capital gain	
34	portion of the distribution is taxed in the manner provided in	
35	Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
36	(8) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross	
37	income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a	
38	recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction	
39	from adjusted gross income.	
40	(9) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross	
41	income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were	
42	received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement	



1	annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under
2	subdivision (1).
3	(10) Add an amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section
4	221 of the Internal Revenue Code for married couples filing joint
5	returns if the taxable year began before January 1, 1987.
6	(11) Add an amount equal to the interest excluded from federal
7	gross income by the individual for the taxable year under Section
8	128 of the Internal Revenue Code if the taxable year began before
9	January 1, 1985.
10	(12) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social
11	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's
12	federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
13	(13) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer
14	residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire
15	taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant
16	to subdivisions (3), (4), (5), and (6) shall be reduced to an amount
17	which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income
18	taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.
19	(14) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance
20	under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,
21	subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's
22	adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not
23	allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and
24	local income taxes.
25	(15) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of
26	a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the
27	individual's federal adjusted gross income.
28	(16) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999,
29	subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums paid
30	during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long term
31	care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer or the
32	taxpayer's spouse, or both.
33	(17) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
34	(A) for a taxable year:
35	(i) including any part of 2004, the amount determined under
36	subsection (f); and
37	(ii) beginning after December 31, 2004, two thousand five
38	hundred dollars (\$2,500); or
39	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the
40	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's
41	principal place of residence.
12	(18) Subtract an amount agual to the amount of a Santamber 11







1	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's
2	federal adjusted gross income.
3	(19) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
4	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
5	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
6	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
7	that would have been computed had an election not been made
8	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
9	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
10	service.
11	(20) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under
12	Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
13	(21) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
14	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
15	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
16	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
17	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
18	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
19	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
20	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
21	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
22	dollars (\$25,000).
23	(22) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed
24	as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable
25	year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
26	income tax purposes.
27	(23) Subtract income that is:
28	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21; and
29	(B) included in the individual's taxable income under the
30	Internal Revenue Code.
31	(b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as
32	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as
33	follows:
34	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
35	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
36	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
37	or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue
38	Code.
39	(3) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
40	or allowable pursuant to Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code
41	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state



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level by any state of the United States.

1	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the	
2	corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal	
3	Revenue Code.	
4	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
5	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
6	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
7	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
8	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
9	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus	_
10	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in	4
11	service.	
12	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
13	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
14	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
15	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	
16	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service	4
17	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to	
18	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	
19	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	
20	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
21	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
22	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand	
23	dollars (\$25,000).	
24	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as	
25	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year	
26	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
27	income tax purposes.	
28	(9) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20 the amount of	
29	intangible expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20) and any directly	
30	related intangible interest expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20)	
31	for the taxable year that reduced the corporation's taxable	
32	income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code)	
33	for federal income tax purposes.	
34	(10) Subtract income that is:	
35	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21; and	
36	(B) included in the corporation's taxable income under the	
37	Internal Revenue Code.	
38	(c) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section	
39	816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana	
40	law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined	
41	in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:	

 $(1) \, Subtract income \, that \, is \, exempt \, from \, taxation \, under \, this \, article \,$ 



1	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	
2	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable	
3	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
4	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable	
5	under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code	
6	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state	
7	level by any state.	
8	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the	
9	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal	
10	Revenue Code.	4
11	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
12	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
13	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
14	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
15	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
16	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus	4
17	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in	
18	service.	
19	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
20	172 or Section 810 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
21	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
22	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	
23	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service	
24	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to	_
25	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	
26	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	_
27	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
28	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
29	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand	
30	dollars (\$25,000).	
31	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as	
32	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year	
33	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
34	income tax purposes.	
35	(9) Subtract income that is:	
36	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21; and	
37	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income	
38	under the Internal Revenue Code.	
39	(d) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section	
40	831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the	
41	same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal	



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Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:

1	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article	
2	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	
3	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable	
4	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
5	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable	
6	under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code	
7	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state	
8	level by any state.	
9	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the	
10	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal	4
11	Revenue Code.	
12	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
13	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
14	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
15	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
16	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
17	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus	
18	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in	
19	service.	
20	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
21	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
22	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
23	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	
24	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service	
25	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to	
26	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	
27	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	
28	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	\
29	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
30	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand	
31	dollars (\$25,000).	
32	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as	
33	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year	
34	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
35	income tax purposes.	
36	(9) Subtract income that is:	
37	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21; and	
38	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income	
39	under the Internal Revenue Code.	
40	(e) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for	
41	trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code)	



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adjusted as follows:

1	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article	
2	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	
3	(2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11	
4	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal	
5	adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September	
6	11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim	
7	of the September 11 terrorist attack.	
8	(3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
9	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
10	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
11	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
12	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
13	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus	
14	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in	
15	service.	
16	(4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
17	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
18	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
19	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	
20	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service	
21	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to	
22	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	
23	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	
24	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
25	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
26	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand	
27	dollars (\$25,000).	1
28	(6) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as	
29	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year	
30	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
31	income tax purposes.	
32	(7) Subtract income that is:	
33	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21; and	
34	(B) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the	
35	Internal Revenue Code.	
36	(f) This subsection applies only to the extent that an individual paid	
37	property taxes in 2004 that were imposed for the March 1, 2002,	
38	assessment date or the January 15, 2003, assessment date. The	
39	maximum amount of the deduction under subsection (a)(17) is equal	
40	to the amount determined under STEP FIVE of the following formula:	

STEP ONE: Determine the amount of property taxes that the

taxpayer paid after December 31, 2003, in the taxable year for



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1	property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2002, assessment date	
2	and the January 15, 2003, assessment date.	
3	STEP TWO: Determine the amount of property taxes that the	
4	taxpayer paid in the taxable year for the March 1, 2003,	
5	assessment date and the January 15, 2004, assessment date.	
6	STEP THREE: Determine the result of the STEP ONE amount	
7	divided by the STEP TWO amount.	
8	STEP FOUR: Multiply the STEP THREE amount by two	
9	thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).	_
10	STEP FIVE: Determine the sum of the STEP FOUR amount and	
11	two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).	
12	SECTION 2. IC 6-3-2-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
13	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
14	JANUARY 1, 2008]: Sec. 21. (a) This section applies to a qualified	
15	patent issued to a taxpayer after December 31, 2007.	
16	(b) As used in this section, "invention" has the meaning set forth	
17	in 35 U.S.C. 100(a).	
18	(c) As used in this section, "qualified patent" means:	
19	(1) a utility patent issued under 35 U.S.C. 101; or	
20	(2) a plant patent issued under 35 U.S.C. 161;	
21	after December 31, 2007, for an invention resulting from a	
22	development process conducted in Indiana. The term does not	
23	include a design patent issued under 35 U.S.C. 171.	
24	(d) As used in this section, "qualified taxpayer" means a	_
25	taxpayer that on the effective filing date of the claimed invention:	
26	(1) is either:	
27	(A) an individual or corporation, if the number of	
28	employees of the individual or corporation, including	
29	affiliates as specified in 13 CFR 121.103, does not exceed	
30	five hundred (500) persons; or	
31	(B) a nonprofit organization or nonprofit corporation as	
32	specified in:	
33	(i) 37 CFR $1.27(a)(3)(ii)(A)$ or 37 CFR $1.27(a)(3)(ii)(B)$ ;	
34	or	
35	(ii) IC 23-17; and	
36	(2) is domiciled in Indiana.	
37	(e) Subject to subsections (g) and (h), in determining adjusted	
38	gross income or taxable income under IC 6-3-1-3.5 or IC 6-5.5-1-2,	
39	a qualified taxpayer is entitled to an exemption from taxation	
40	under IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the following:	
41	(1) Licensing fees or other income received for the use of a	
42	qualified patent.	



1	(2) Royalties received for the infringement of a qualified
2	patent.
3	(3) Receipts from the sale of a qualified patent.
4	(4) Subject to subsection (f), income from the taxpayer's own
5	use of the taxpayer's qualified patent to produce the claimed
6	invention.
7	(f) The exemption provided by subsection (e)(4) may not exceed
8	the fair market value of the licensing fees or other income that
9	would be received by allowing use of the qualified taxpayer's
10	qualified patent by someone other than the taxpayer. The fair
11	market value referred to in this subsection must be determined in
12	each taxable year in which the qualified taxpayer claims an
13	exemption under subsection (e)(4).
14	(g) The total amount of exemptions claimed under this section
15	by a qualified taxpayer in a taxable year may not exceed five
16	million dollars (\$5,000,000).
17	(h) A taxpayer may not claim an exemption under this section
18	with respect to a particular qualified patent for more than
19	seventeen (17) taxable years. Subject to the provisions of this
20	section, the following amount of the income, royalties, or receipts
21	described in subsection (e) from a particular qualified patent is
22	exempt:
23	(1) Twenty-five percent (25%) for each of the first five (5)
24	taxable years in which the exemption is claimed for the
25	qualified patent.
26	(2) Ten percent (10%) each year for the sixth taxable year
27	through the seventeenth taxable year in which the exemption
28	is claimed for the qualified patent.
29	(3) No exemption under this section for the particular
30	qualified patent after the seventeenth taxable year in which
31	the exemption is claimed for the qualified patent.
32	(i) To receive the exemption provided by this section, a qualified
33	taxpayer must claim the exemption on the qualified taxpayer's
34	annual state tax return or returns in the manner prescribed by the
35	department. The qualified taxpayer shall submit to the department
36	all information that the department determines is necessary for the
37	determination of the exemption provided by this section.
38	(j) On or before December 1 of each year, the department shall
39	provide an evaluation report to the legislative council, the budget
40	committee, and the Indiana economic development corporation.
41	The evaluation report must contain the following:

(1) The number of taxpayers claiming an exemption under



1	this section.
2	(2) The sum of all the exemptions claimed under this section.
3	(3) The North American Industry Classification System code
4	for each taxpayer claiming an exemption under this section.
5	(4) Any other information the department considers
6	appropriate, including the number of qualified patents for
7	which an exemption was claimed under this section.
8	The report required under this subsection must be in an electronic
9	format under IC 5-14-6.
10	SECTION 3. IC 6-3.1-1-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.199-2005,
11	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JANUARY 1, 2007 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 3. A taxpayer (as defined
13	in the following laws), pass through entity (as defined in the following
14	laws), or shareholder, partner, or member of a pass through entity may
15	not be granted more than one (1) tax credit under the following laws for
16	the same project:
17	(1) IC 6-3.1-10 (enterprise zone investment cost credit).
18	(2) IC 6-3.1-11 (industrial recovery tax credit).
19	(3) IC 6-3.1-11.5 (military base recovery tax credit).
20	(4) IC 6-3.1-11.6 (military base investment cost credit).
21	(5) IC 6-3.1-13.5 (capital investment tax credit).
22	(6) IC 6-3.1-19 (community revitalization enhancement district
23	tax credit).
24	(7) IC 6-3.1-24 (venture capital investment tax credit).
25	(8) IC 6-3.1-26 (Hoosier business investment tax credit).
26	(9) IC 6-3.1-31 (Hoosier alternative fuel vehicle manufacturer
27	tax credit).
28	If a taxpayer, pass through entity, or shareholder, partner, or member
29	of a pass through entity has been granted more than one (1) tax credit
30	for the same project, the taxpayer, pass through entity, or shareholder,
31	partner, or member of a pass through entity must elect to apply only
32	one (1) of the tax credits in the manner and form prescribed by the
33	department.
34	SECTION 4. IC 6-3.1-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
35	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JANUARY 1, 2007 (RETROACTIVE)]:
37	Chapter 31. Hoosier Alternative Fuel Vehicle Manufacturer Tax
38	Credit
39	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "alternative fuel" means:
40	(1) methanol, denatured ethanol, and other alcohols;
41	(2) mixtures containing eighty-five percent (85%) or more by
42	volume of methanol denatured ethanol and other alcohols



1	with gasoline or other fuel;	
2	(3) natural gas;	
3	(4) liquefied petroleum gas;	
4	(5) hydrogen;	
5	(6) coal-derived liquid fuels;	
6	(7) non-alcohol fuels derived from biological material;	
7	(8) P-Series fuels; or	
8	(9) electricity.	
9	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "alternative fuel vehicle" means	
10	any vehicle designed to operate on at least one (1) alternative fuel.	
11	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "the corporation" means the	
12	Indiana economic development corporation established by	
13	IC 5-28-3-1.	
14	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "director" has the meaning set	
15	forth in IC 6-3.1-13-3.	
16	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "highly compensated employee"	
17	has the meaning set forth in Section 414(q) of the Internal Revenue	
18	Code.	
19	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "new employee" has the meaning	
20	set forth in IC 6-3.1-13-6.	
21	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "qualified investment" means the	
22	amount of a taxpayer's expenditures in Indiana that are reasonable	
23	and necessary for the manufacture or assembly of alternative fuel	
24	vehicles, including:	
25	(1) the purchase of new telecommunications, production,	
26	manufacturing, fabrication, assembly, finishing, distribution,	
27	transportation, or logistical distribution equipment, jigs, dies,	
28	or fixtures;	V
29	(2) the purchase of new computers and related equipment;	
30	(3) costs associated with the modernization of existing	
31	telecommunications, production, manufacturing, fabrication,	
32	assembly, finishing, distribution, transportation, or logistical	
33	distribution facilities;	
34	(4) onsite infrastructure improvements;	
35	(5) the construction of new telecommunications, production,	
36	manufacturing, fabrication, assembly, finishing, distribution,	
37	transportation, or logistical distribution facilities;	
38	(6) costs associated with retooling existing machinery and	
39	equipment;	
40	(7) costs associated with the construction of special purpose	
41	buildings, pits, and foundations; and	
42	(8) costs associated with the purchase of machinery,	



1	equipment, or special purpose buildings used to manufacture	
2	or assemble alternative fuel vehicles;	
3	that are certified by the corporation under this chapter as being	
4	eligible for the credit under this chapter.	
5	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "state tax liability" means a	
6	taxpayer's total tax liability that is incurred under:	
7	(1) IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 (the adjusted gross income tax);	
8	(2) IC 6-5.5 (the financial institutions tax); and	
9	(3) IC 27-1-18-2 (the insurance premiums tax);	
10	as computed after the application of the credits that under	4
11	IC 6-3.1-1-2 are to be applied before the credit provided by this	
12	chapter.	
13	Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "taxpayer" means an individual,	
14	a corporation, a partnership, or other entity that has state tax	
15	liability.	
16	Sec. 10. The corporation may make credit awards under this	4
17	chapter to:	
18	(1) foster job creation and higher wages;	
19	(2) reduce dependency upon energy sources imported into the	
20	United States; and	
21	(3) reduce air pollution as the result of the manufacture or	
22	assembly of alternative fuel vehicles in Indiana.	
23	Sec. 11. A taxpayer that:	
24	(1) is awarded a tax credit under this chapter by the	
25	corporation; and	
26	(2) complies with the conditions set forth in this chapter and	
27	the agreement entered into by the corporation and the	
28	taxpayer under this chapter;	
29	is entitled to a credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability in a	
30	taxable year.	
31	Sec. 12. The total amount of a tax credit claimed for a taxable	
32	year under this chapter is a percentage determined by the	
33	corporation, not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the amount of	
34	a qualified investment made by the taxpayer in Indiana during that	
35	taxable year. The taxpayer may carry forward any unused credit.	
36	Sec. 13. (a) A taxpayer may carry forward an unused credit for	
37	the number of years determined by the corporation, not to exceed	
38	nine (9) consecutive taxable years, beginning with the taxable year	
39	after the taxable year in which the taxpayer makes the qualified	
40	investment.	

(b) The amount that a taxpayer may carry forward to a particular taxable year under this section equals the unused part



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1	of a credit allowed under this chapter.
2	(c) A taxpayer may:
3	(1) claim a tax credit under this chapter for a qualified
4	investment; and
5	(2) carry forward a remainder for one (1) or more different
6	qualified investments;
7	in the same taxable year.
8	(d) The total amount of each tax credit claimed under this
9	chapter may not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the qualified
10	investment for which the tax credit is claimed.
11	Sec. 14. A person that proposes a project to manufacture or
12	assemble alternative fuel vehicles that would create new jobs,
13	increase wage levels, or involve substantial capital investment in
14	Indiana may apply to the corporation before the taxpayer makes
15	the qualified investment to enter into an agreement for a tax credit
16	under this chapter. The corporation shall prescribe the form of the
17	application.
18	Sec. 15. After receipt of an application, the corporation may
19	enter into an agreement with the applicant for a credit under this
20	chapter if the corporation determines that all the following
21	conditions exist:
22	(1) The applicant's project will raise the total earnings of
23	employees of the applicant in Indiana.
24	(2) The applicant's project is economically sound and will
25	benefit the people of Indiana by increasing opportunities for
26	employment and strengthening the economy of Indiana.
27	(3) The manufacture or assembly of alternative fuel vehicles
28	by the applicant will reduce air pollution.
29	(4) The manufacture or assembly of alternative fuel vehicles
30	by the applicant will reduce dependence by the United States
31	on foreign energy sources.
32	(5) Receiving the tax credit is a major factor in the applicant's
33	decision to go forward with the project.
34	(6) Awarding the tax credit will result in an overall positive
35	fiscal impact to the state, as certified by the budget agency
36	using the best available data.
37	(7) The credit is not prohibited by section 16 of this chapter.
38	(8) The average wage that will be paid by the taxpayer to its
39	employees (excluding highly compensated employees) at the
40	location after the credit is given will be at least equal to one
41	hundred fifty percent (150%) of the hourly minimum wage
42	under IC 22-2-4 or its equivalent.



1	Sec. 16. A person is not entitled to claim the credit provided by
2	this chapter for any jobs that the person relocates from one (1) site
3	in Indiana to another site in Indiana. Determinations under this
4	section shall be made by the corporation.
5	Sec. 17. The corporation shall certify the amount of the qualified
6	investment that is eligible for a credit under this chapter. In
7	determining the credit amount that should be awarded, the
8	corporation shall grant a credit only for the amount of the
9	qualified investment that is directly related to expanding:
10	(1) the workforce in Indiana; or
11	(2) the capital investment in Indiana.
12	Sec. 18. The corporation shall enter into an agreement with an
13	applicant that is awarded a credit under this chapter. The
14	agreement must include all the following:
15	(1) A detailed description of the project that is the subject of
16	the agreement.
17	(2) The first taxable year for which the credit may be claimed.
18	(3) The amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for each
19	tax in the taxable year of the taxpayer that immediately
20	preceded the first taxable year in which the credit may be
21	claimed.
22	(4) The maximum tax credit amount that will be allowed for
23	each taxable year.
24	(5) A requirement that the taxpayer shall maintain operations
25	at the project location for at least ten (10) years during the
26	term that the tax credit is available.
27	(6) A specific method for determining the number of new
28	employees employed during a taxable year who are
29	performing jobs not previously performed by an employee.
30	(7) A requirement that the taxpayer shall annually report to
31	the corporation the number of new employees who are
32	performing jobs not previously performed by an employee,
33	the average wage of the new employees, the average wage of
34	all employees at the location where the qualified investment
35	is made, and any other information the director needs to
36	perform the director's duties under this chapter.
37	(8) A requirement that the director is authorized to verify
38	with the appropriate state agencies the amounts reported
39	under subdivision (7), and that after doing so shall issue a
40	certificate to the taxpayer stating that the amounts have been
41	verified.
42	(9) A requirement that the taxpayer shall pay an average



1	wage to all its employees other than highly compensated	
2	employees in each taxable year that a tax credit is available	
3	that equals at least one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the	
4	hourly minimum wage under IC 22-2-2-4 or its equivalent.	
5	(10) A requirement that the taxpayer will keep the qualified	
6	investment property that is the basis for the tax credit in	
7	Indiana for at least the lesser of its useful life for federal	
8	income tax purposes or ten (10) years.	
9	(11) A requirement that the taxpayer will maintain at the	
10	location where the qualified investment is made during the	
11	term of the tax credit a total payroll that is at least equal to	
12	the payroll level that existed before the qualified investment	
13	was made.	
14	(12) A requirement that the taxpayer shall provide written	
15	notification to the director and the corporation not more than	
16	thirty (30) days after the taxpayer makes or receives a	
17	proposal that would transfer the taxpayer's state tax liability	
18	obligations to a successor taxpayer.	
19	(13) Any other performance conditions that the corporation	
20	determines are appropriate.	
21	Sec. 19. A taxpayer claiming a credit under this chapter shall	
22	submit to the department of state revenue a copy of the director's	
23	certificate of verification under this chapter for the taxable year.	
24	However, failure to submit a copy of the certificate does not	
25	invalidate a claim for a credit.	
26	Sec. 20. If the director determines that a taxpayer who has	
27	received a credit under this chapter is not complying with the	
28	requirements of the tax credit agreement or all the provisions of	
29	this chapter, the director shall, after giving the taxpayer an	
30	opportunity to explain the noncompliance, notify the Indiana	
31	economic development corporation and the department of state	
32	revenue of the noncompliance and request an assessment. The	
33	department of state revenue, with the assistance of the director,	
34	shall state the amount of the assessment, which may not exceed the	
35	sum of any previously allowed credits under this chapter. After	
36	receiving the notice, the department of state revenue shall make an	
37	assessment against the taxpayer under IC 6-8.1.	
38	Sec. 21. On or before March 31 each year, the director shall	
39	submit a report to the corporation on the tax credit program under	

this chapter. The report must include information on the number

of agreements that were entered into under this chapter during the

preceding calendar year, a description of the project that is the



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subject of each agreement, an update on the status of projects under agreements entered into before the preceding calendar year, and the sum of the credits awarded under this chapter. A copy of the report shall be transmitted in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 to the executive director of the legislative services agency for distribution to the members of the general assembly.

Sec. 22. On a biennial basis, the corporation shall provide for an evaluation of the tax credit program. The evaluation must include an assessment of the effectiveness of the program in creating new jobs and increasing wages in Indiana and of the revenue impact of the program and may include a review of the practices and experiences of other states with similar programs. The director shall submit a report on the evaluation to the governor, the president pro tempore of the senate, and the speaker of the house of representatives after June 30 and before November 1 in each odd-numbered year. The report provided to the president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.

Sec. 23. (a) This chapter applies to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006.

(b) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, the corporation may not approve a credit for a qualified investment made after December 31, 2012. However, this section may not be construed to prevent a taxpayer from carrying an unused tax credit attributable to a qualified investment made before January 1, 2012, forward to a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2011, in the manner provided by section 13 of this chapter.

SECTION 5. IC 6-5.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.246-2005, SECTION 75, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) through (d), "adjusted gross income" means taxable income as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as follows:

- (1) Add the following amounts:
  - (A) An amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable under Section 166, Section 585, or Section 593 of the Internal Revenue Code.
  - (B) An amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
  - (C) An amount equal to a deduction or deductions allowed or allowable under Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by a state of the United States or levied at the local level

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1	by any subdivision of a state of the United States.	
2	(D) The amount of interest excluded under Section 103 of the	
3	Internal Revenue Code or under any other federal law, minus	
4	the associated expenses disallowed in the computation of	
5	taxable income under Section 265 of the Internal Revenue	
6	Code.	
7	(E) An amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section	
8	172 or 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code for net operating	
9	losses or net capital losses.	
10	(F) For a taxpayer that is not a large bank (as defined in	4
11	Section 585(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code), an amount	
12	equal to the recovery of a debt, or part of a debt, that becomes	`
13	worthless to the extent a deduction was allowed from gross	
14	income in a prior taxable year under Section 166(a) of the	
15	Internal Revenue Code.	
16	(G) Add the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross	4
17	income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
18	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
19	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross	
20	income that would have been computed had an election not	
21	been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code	
22	to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it	
23	was placed in service.	
24	(H) Add the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross	
25	income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	
26	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in	
27	service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year	1
28	equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have	,
29	been computed had an election for federal income tax	
30	purposes not been made for the year in which the property was	
31	placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the	
32	Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding	
33	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).	
34	(I) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed	
35	as a deduction for domestic production activities for the	
36	taxable year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code	
37	for federal income tax purposes.	
38	(2) Subtract the following amounts:	
39	(A) Income that the United States Constitution or any statute	
40	of the United States prohibits from being used to measure the	
41	tax imposed by this chapter.	
42	(B) Income that is derived from sources outside the United	



1	States, as defined by the Internal Revenue Code.	
2	(C) An amount equal to a debt or part of a debt that becomes	
3	worthless, as permitted under Section 166(a) of the Internal	
4	Revenue Code.	
5	(D) An amount equal to any bad debt reserves that are	
6	included in federal income because of accounting method	
7	changes required by Section 585(c)(3)(A) or Section 593 of	
8	the Internal Revenue Code.	
9	(E) The amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income	
10	of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
11	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
12	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross	
13	income that would have been computed had an election not	
14	been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code	
15	to apply bonus depreciation.	
16	(F) The amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income	
17	of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined	
18	in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the	
19	current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the	
20	amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	
21	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	
22	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
23	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
24	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five	
25	thousand dollars (\$25,000).	
26	(G) Income that is:	
27	(i) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21; and	
28	(ii) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the	
29	Internal Revenue Code.	
30	(b) In the case of a credit union, "adjusted gross income" for a	
31	taxable year means the total transfers to undivided earnings minus	
32	dividends for that taxable year after statutory reserves are set aside	
33	under IC 28-7-1-24.	
34	(c) In the case of an investment company, "adjusted gross income"	
35	means the company's federal taxable income multiplied by the quotient	
36	of:	
37	(1) the aggregate of the gross payments collected by the company	
38	during the taxable year from old and new business upon	
39	investment contracts issued by the company and held by residents	
40	of Indiana; divided by	
41	(2) the total amount of gross payments collected during the	

taxable year by the company from the business upon investment



1	contracts issued by the company and held by persons residing	
2	within Indiana and elsewhere.	
3	(d) As used in subsection (c), "investment company" means a	
4	person, copartnership, association, limited liability company, or	
5	corporation, whether domestic or foreign, that:	
6	(1) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15	
7	U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.); and	
8	(2) solicits or receives a payment to be made to itself and issues	
9	in exchange for the payment:	
0	(A) a so-called bond;	
1	(B) a share;	
2	(C) a coupon;	
.3	(D) a certificate of membership;	
4	(E) an agreement;	
.5	(F) a pretended agreement; or	_
6	(G) other evidences of obligation;	
7	entitling the holder to anything of value at some future date, if the	
8	gross payments received by the company during the taxable year	
9	on outstanding investment contracts, plus interest and dividends	
20	earned on those contracts (by prorating the interest and dividends	
21	earned on investment contracts by the same proportion that	
22	certificate reserves (as defined by the Investment Company Act	
23	of 1940) is to the company's total assets) is at least fifty percent	
24	(50%) of the company's gross payments upon investment	_
25	contracts plus gross income from all other sources except	
26	dividends from subsidiaries for the taxable year. The term	
27	"investment contract" means an instrument listed in clauses (A)	
28	through (G).	
29	SECTION 6. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2008] (a) IC 6-3-1-3.5	
0	and IC 6-5.5-1-2, both as amended by this act, apply to taxable	
31	years beginning after December 31, 2007, for patents issued after	
32	December 31, 2007.	
3	(b) IC 6-3-2-21, as added by this act, applies to taxable years	
34	beginning after December 31, 2007.	
55	(c) The department of state revenue may adopt rules and	
66	prescribe forms to implement IC 6-3-2-21, as added by this act.	

SECTION 7. An emergency is declared for this act.



#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1461, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

CRAWFORD, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 22, nays 0.

#### **HOUSE MOTION**

Mr. Speaker: Bosma

I move that House Bill 1461 be amended to read as follows:

Page 9, line 14, after "a" insert "qualified".

Page 9, between lines 15 and 16, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(b) As used in this section, "invention" has the meaning set forth in 35~U.S.C.~100(a).
  - (c) As used in this section, "qualified patent" means:
    - (1) a utility patent issued under 35 U.S.C. 101; or
  - (2) a plant patent issued under 35 U.S.C. 161;

after December 31, 2007, for an invention resulting from a development process conducted in Indiana. The term does not include a design patent issued under 35 U.S.C. 171.".

Page 9, line 16, delete "(b)" and insert "(d)".

Page 9, line 21, delete "(c)" and insert "(e)".

Page 9, line 21, delete "(d) and (e)," and insert "(f) and (g),".

Page 9, line 25, after "a" insert "qualified".

Page 9, line 27, after "a" insert "qualified".

Page 9, line 28, after "a" insert "qualified".

Page 9, line 29, delete "(d)" and insert "(f)".

Page 9, line 32, delete "(e)" and insert "(g)".

Page 9, line 33, after "particular" insert "qualified".

Page 9, line 34, after "years." insert "Subject to the provisions of this section, the following amount of the income, royalties, or receipts described in subsection (e) from a particular qualified patent is exempt:

- (1) One hundred percent (100%) for each of the first five (5) taxable years in which the exemption is claimed for the qualified patent.
- (2) Eighty percent (80%) for the sixth taxable year in which

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the exemption is claimed for the qualified patent.

- (3) Sixty percent (60%) for the seventh taxable year in which the exemption is claimed for the qualified patent.
- (4) Forty percent (40%) for the eighth taxable year in which the exemption is claimed for the qualified patent.
- (5) Twenty percent (20%) for the ninth taxable year in which the exemption is claimed for the qualified patent.
- (6) Ten percent (10%) for the tenth taxable year in which the exemption is claimed for the qualified patent.
- (7) No exemption under this section for the particular qualified patent after the tenth taxable year in which the exemption is claimed for the qualified patent."

Page 9, line 35, delete "(f)" and insert "(h)".

(Reference is to HB 1461 as printed February 20, 2007.)

**BOSMA** 

### **HOUSE MOTION**

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1461 be amended to read as follows:

Page 9, between lines 40 and 41, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 3. IC 6-3.1-1-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.199-2005, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2007 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 3. A taxpayer (as defined in the following laws), pass through entity (as defined in the following laws), or shareholder, partner, or member of a pass through entity may not be granted more than one (1) tax credit under the following laws for the same project:

- (1) IC 6-3.1-10 (enterprise zone investment cost credit).
- (2) IC 6-3.1-11 (industrial recovery tax credit).
- (3) IC 6-3.1-11.5 (military base recovery tax credit).
- (4) IC 6-3.1-11.6 (military base investment cost credit).
- (5) IC 6-3.1-13.5 (capital investment tax credit).
- (6) IC 6-3.1-19 (community revitalization enhancement district tax credit).
- (7) IC 6-3.1-24 (venture capital investment tax credit).
- (8) IC 6-3.1-26 (Hoosier business investment tax credit).
- (9) IC 6-3.1-31 (Hoosier alternative fuel vehicle manufacturer tax credit).

If a taxpayer, pass through entity, or shareholder, partner, or member

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of a pass through entity has been granted more than one (1) tax credit for the same project, the taxpayer, pass through entity, or shareholder, partner, or member of a pass through entity must elect to apply only one (1) of the tax credits in the manner and form prescribed by the department.

SECTION 4. IC 6-3.1-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2007 (RETROACTIVE)]:

Chapter 31. Hoosier Alternative Fuel Vehicle Manufacturer Tax Credit

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "alternative fuel" means:
  - (1) methanol, denatured ethanol, and other alcohols;
  - (2) mixtures containing eighty-five percent (85%) or more by volume of methanol, denatured ethanol, and other alcohols with gasoline or other fuel;
  - (3) natural gas;
  - (4) liquefied petroleum gas;
  - (5) hydrogen;
  - (6) coal-derived liquid fuels;
  - (7) non-alcohol fuels derived from biological material;
  - (8) P-Series;
  - (9) electricity; or
  - (10) electric battery and diesel.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "alternative fuel vehicle" means any vehicle designed to operate on at least one (1) alternative fuel.
- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "the corporation" means the Indiana economic development corporation established by IC 5-28-3-1.
- Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "director" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-3.1-13-3.
- Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "highly compensated employee" has the meaning set forth in Section 414(q) of the Internal Revenue Code
- Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "new employee" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-3.1-13-6.
- Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "qualified investment" means the amount of a taxpayer's expenditures in Indiana that are reasonable and necessary for the manufacture or assembly of alternative fuel vehicles, including:
  - (1) the purchase of new telecommunications, production, manufacturing, fabrication, assembly, finishing, distribution, transportation, or logistical distribution equipment, jigs, dies,











or fixtures;

- (2) the purchase of new computers and related equipment;
- (3) costs associated with the modernization of existing telecommunications, production, manufacturing, fabrication, assembly, finishing, distribution, transportation, or logistical distribution facilities;
- (4) onsite infrastructure improvements;
- (5) the construction of new telecommunications, production, manufacturing, fabrication, assembly, finishing, distribution, transportation, or logistical distribution facilities;
- (6) costs associated with retooling existing machinery and equipment;
- (7) costs associated with the construction of special purpose buildings, pits, and foundations; and
- (8) costs associated with the purchase of machinery, equipment, or special purpose buildings used to manufacture or assemble alternative fuel vehicles;

that are certified by the corporation under this chapter as being eligible for the credit under this chapter.

- Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "state tax liability" means a taxpayer's total tax liability that is incurred under:
  - (1) IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 (the adjusted gross income tax);
  - (2) IC 6-5.5 (the financial institutions tax); and
  - (3) IC 27-1-18-2 (the insurance premiums tax);

as computed after the application of the credits that under IC 6-3.1-1-2 are to be applied before the credit provided by this chapter.

- Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "taxpayer" means an individual, a corporation, a partnership, or other entity that has state tax liability.
- Sec. 10. The corporation may make credit awards under this chapter to:
  - (1) foster job creation and higher wages;
  - (2) reduce dependency upon energy sources imported into the United States; and
  - (3) reduce air pollution as the result of the manufacture or assembly of alternative fuel vehicles in Indiana.

### Sec. 11. A taxpayer that:

- (1) is awarded a tax credit under this chapter by the corporation; and
- (2) complies with the conditions set forth in this chapter and the agreement entered into by the corporation and the











taxpayer under this chapter;

is entitled to a credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability in a taxable year.

- Sec. 12. The total amount of a tax credit claimed for a taxable year under this chapter is a percentage determined by the corporation, not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the amount of a qualified investment made by the taxpayer in Indiana during that taxable year. The taxpayer may carry forward any unused credit.
- Sec. 13. (a) A taxpayer may carry forward an unused credit for the number of years determined by the corporation, not to exceed nine (9) consecutive taxable years, beginning with the taxable year after the taxable year in which the taxpayer makes the qualified investment.
- (b) The amount that a taxpayer may carry forward to a particular taxable year under this section equals the unused part of a credit allowed under this chapter.
  - (c) A taxpayer may:
    - (1) claim a tax credit under this chapter for a qualified investment; and
    - (2) carry forward a remainder for one (1) or more different qualified investments;

in the same taxable year.

- (d) The total amount of each tax credit claimed under this chapter may not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the qualified investment for which the tax credit is claimed.
- Sec. 14. A person that proposes a project to manufacture or assemble alternative fuel vehicles that would create new jobs, increase wage levels, or involve substantial capital investment in Indiana may apply to the corporation before the taxpayer makes the qualified investment to enter into an agreement for a tax credit under this chapter. The corporation shall prescribe the form of the application.
- Sec. 15. After receipt of an application, the corporation may enter into an agreement with the applicant for a credit under this chapter if the corporation determines that all the following conditions exist:
  - (1) The applicant's project will raise the total earnings of employees of the applicant in Indiana.
  - (2) The applicant's project is economically sound and will benefit the people of Indiana by increasing opportunities for employment and strengthening the economy of Indiana.
  - (3) The manufacture or assembly of alternative fuel vehicles







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by the applicant will reduce air pollution.

- (4) The manufacture or assembly of alternative fuel vehicles by the applicant will reduce dependence by the United States on foreign energy sources.
- (5) Receiving the tax credit is a major factor in the applicant's decision to go forward with the project.
- (6) Awarding the tax credit will result in an overall positive fiscal impact to the state, as certified by the budget agency using the best available data.
- (7) The credit is not prohibited by section 16 of this chapter.
- (8) The average wage that will be paid by the taxpayer to its employees (excluding highly compensated employees) at the location after the credit is given will be at least equal to one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the hourly minimum wage under IC 22-2-2-4 or its equivalent.

Sec. 16. A person is not entitled to claim the credit provided by this chapter for any jobs that the person relocates from one (1) site in Indiana to another site in Indiana. Determinations under this section shall be made by the corporation.

Sec. 17. The corporation shall certify the amount of the qualified investment that is eligible for a credit under this chapter. In determining the credit amount that should be awarded, the corporation shall grant a credit only for the amount of the qualified investment that is directly related to expanding:

- (1) the workforce in Indiana; or
- (2) the capital investment in Indiana.

Sec. 18. The corporation shall enter into an agreement with an applicant that is awarded a credit under this chapter. The agreement must include all the following:

- (1) A detailed description of the project that is the subject of the agreement.
- (2) The first taxable year for which the credit may be claimed.
- (3) The amount of the taxpayer's state tax liability for each tax in the taxable year of the taxpayer that immediately preceded the first taxable year in which the credit may be claimed.
- (4) The maximum tax credit amount that will be allowed for each taxable year.
- (5) A requirement that the taxpayer shall maintain operations at the project location for at least ten (10) years during the term that the tax credit is available.
- (6) A specific method for determining the number of new











employees employed during a taxable year who are performing jobs not previously performed by an employee.

- (7) A requirement that the taxpayer shall annually report to the corporation the number of new employees who are performing jobs not previously performed by an employee, the average wage of the new employees, the average wage of all employees at the location where the qualified investment is made, and any other information the director needs to perform the director's duties under this chapter.
- (8) A requirement that the director is authorized to verify with the appropriate state agencies the amounts reported under subdivision (7), and that after doing so shall issue a certificate to the taxpayer stating that the amounts have been verified.
- (9) A requirement that the taxpayer shall pay an average wage to all its employees other than highly compensated employees in each taxable year that a tax credit is available that equals at least one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the hourly minimum wage under IC 22-2-2-4 or its equivalent.
- (10) A requirement that the taxpayer will keep the qualified investment property that is the basis for the tax credit in Indiana for at least the lesser of its useful life for federal income tax purposes or ten (10) years.
- (11) A requirement that the taxpayer will maintain at the location where the qualified investment is made during the term of the tax credit a total payroll that is at least equal to the payroll level that existed before the qualified investment was made.
- (12) A requirement that the taxpayer shall provide written notification to the director and the corporation not more than thirty (30) days after the taxpayer makes or receives a proposal that would transfer the taxpayer's state tax liability obligations to a successor taxpayer.
- (13) Any other performance conditions that the corporation determines are appropriate.
- Sec. 19. A taxpayer claiming a credit under this chapter shall submit to the department of state revenue a copy of the director's certificate of verification under this chapter for the taxable year. However, failure to submit a copy of the certificate does not invalidate a claim for a credit.
- Sec. 20. If the director determines that a taxpayer who has received a credit under this chapter is not complying with the









requirements of the tax credit agreement or all the provisions of this chapter, the director shall, after giving the taxpayer an opportunity to explain the noncompliance, notify the Indiana economic development corporation and the department of state revenue of the noncompliance and request an assessment. The department of state revenue, with the assistance of the director, shall state the amount of the assessment, which may not exceed the sum of any previously allowed credits under this chapter. After receiving the notice, the department of state revenue shall make an assessment against the taxpayer under IC 6-8.1.

Sec. 21. On or before March 31 each year, the director shall submit a report to the corporation on the tax credit program under this chapter. The report must include information on the number of agreements that were entered into under this chapter during the preceding calendar year, a description of the project that is the subject of each agreement, an update on the status of projects under agreements entered into before the preceding calendar year, and the sum of the credits awarded under this chapter. A copy of the report shall be transmitted in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 to the executive director of the legislative services agency for distribution to the members of the general assembly.

Sec. 22. On a biennial basis, the corporation shall provide for an evaluation of the tax credit program. The evaluation must include an assessment of the effectiveness of the program in creating new jobs and increasing wages in Indiana and of the revenue impact of the program and may include a review of the practices and experiences of other states with similar programs. The director shall submit a report on the evaluation to the governor, the president pro tempore of the senate, and the speaker of the house of representatives after June 30 and before November 1 in each odd-numbered year. The report provided to the president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.

Sec. 23. (a) This chapter applies to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006.

(b) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, the corporation may not approve a credit for a qualified investment made after December 31, 2012. However, this section may not be construed to prevent a taxpayer from carrying an unused tax credit attributable to a qualified investment made before January 1, 2012, forward to a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2011, in the manner provided by section 13 of this chapter."









Page 13, after line 7, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 7. An emergency is declared for this act.". Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1461 as printed February 20, 2007.)

**KUZMAN** 

## SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Zakas be added as cosponsor of Engrossed House Bill 1461.

**FORD** 

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Economic Development and Technology, to which was referred House Bill No. 1461, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS and be reassigned to the Senate Committee on Tax and Fiscal

(Reference is made to House Bill 1461 as printed February 24, 2007.)

FORD, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

## SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senators Hershman and Alting be added as cosponsors of Engrossed House Bill 1461.

**FORD** 

EH 1461-LS 6704/DI 92+











#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy, to which was referred Engrossed House Bill No. 1461, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 9, delete lines 24 through 28, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(d) As used in this section, "qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer that on the effective filing date of the claimed invention:
  - (1) is either:
    - (A) an individual or corporation, if the number of employees of the individual or corporation, including affiliates as specified in 13 CFR 121.103, does not exceed five hundred (500) persons; or
    - (B) a nonprofit organization or nonprofit corporation as specified in:
      - (i) 37 CFR 1.27(a)(3)(ii)(A) or 37 CFR 1.27(a)(3)(ii)(B); or
      - (ii) IC 23-17; and
  - (2) is domiciled in Indiana.".

Page 9, line 29, delete "(f) and (g)," and insert "(g) and (h),".

Page 9, between lines 37 and 38, begin a new line block indented and insert:

- "(4) Subject to subsection (f), income from the taxpayer's own use of the taxpayer's qualified patent to produce the claimed invention.
- (f) The exemption provided by subsection (e)(4) may not exceed the fair market value of the licensing fees or other income that would be received by allowing use of the qualified taxpayer's qualified patent by someone other than the taxpayer. The fair market value referred to in this subsection must be determined in each taxable year in which the qualified taxpayer claims an exemption under subsection (e)(4)."

Page 9, line 38, delete "(f)" and insert "(g)".

Page 9, line 41, delete "(g)" and insert "(h)".

Page 9, line 42, delete "ten (10)" and insert "seventeen (17)".

Page 10, line 4, delete "One hundred percent (100%)" and insert "Twenty-five percent (25%)".

Page 10, delete lines 7 through 16, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(2) Ten percent (10%) each year for the sixth taxable year

EH 1461—LS 6704/DI 92+











through the seventeenth taxable year in which the exemption is claimed for the qualified patent.".

Page 10, line 17, delete "(7)" and insert "(3)".

Page 10, line 18, delete "tenth" and insert "seventeenth".

Page 10, line 20, delete "(h)" and insert "(i)".

Page 10, between lines 26 and 27, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(j) On or before December 1 of each year, the department shall provide an evaluation report to the legislative council, the budget committee, and the Indiana economic development corporation. The evaluation report must contain the following:
  - (1) The number of taxpayers claiming an exemption under this section.
  - (2) The sum of all the exemptions claimed under this section.
  - (3) The North American Industry Classification System code for each taxpayer claiming an exemption under this section.
  - (4) Any other information the department considers appropriate, including the number of qualified patents for which an exemption was claimed under this section.

The report required under this subsection must be in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.".

Page 11, line 24, delete "P-Series;" and insert "P-Series fuels; or".

Page 11, line 25, delete "electricity; or" and insert "electricity.".

Page 11, delete line 26.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to EHB 1461 as printed March 20, 2007.)

KENLEY, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 11, Nays 0.









